THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

Deacon & Peterson, Publishers,
NUMBER SIXTY-SIX SOUTH THIRD ST.

Two Dollars Per Annum, In Advance.
THREE DOLLARS IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

EDMUND DRACON, GEORGE PETERSON, } EDITORS AND PROPRIETOR

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER: NEUTRAL IN POLITICS.

{ CLUBS—FOR TERMS TO CLUBS SEE PROSPECTUS OF FIRST PAGE. }

DEVOTED TO MORALITY, PURE LITERATURE, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS, AGRICULTURE, THE COMMERCIAL INTEREST, SCIENCE, ART AND AMUSEMENT.

VOLUME XXXV. PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1855. WHOLE NO. 1771.

Choice Poetry.

A FIRST SORROW.

Alone! the day shall chide
Forever gone!
To close a new cluster,
On Time's dark shore.
All gone! and gone!
But I! oh! where is now
My joy! my treasure!
My sunshine! my darling!
Thou and the sun!
Thy life lost and gone!

But now the stream has reached
A new, new sea,
Where God, the mild sun-spread,
Is waving wide.

Each of God's sadness bears
A sunset divine:
Heaven can be morning today
To-day for thine!

To each sunset there
God's Resurrection sees;
Oh, soul, to-morrow is day,
And calm thy tears.

Then, child, arising, away,
And bounding gay,
From out thy joy-cast days
Thy sorrow throw.

And, morning all behind,
Come thou, alone,
To join the chosen band
Around the throne.

Rain to thine eyes—be strong,
Her cast away
Those tears that God has given
Thy soul to-day!

—Herminald Wade.

Original Novelet.

NANCY HELM:

OR,

The Cloud with a Silver Lining.

A STORY OF A MEMORABLE YEARS AGO.

WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST,
BY MARY IRVING.

[Entered according to the Act of Congress, in the year 1855, by Deacon & Peterson, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.]

CHAPTER III.

THE FIELD-PREACHER.

To discuss or to decide intricate theological questions is, for the most part of the writer's task, it is of the historian's. Yet, either history or story of the eighteenth century is found a confused and unsatisfactory without more than a brief allusion to the great changes which swept over the land like a fiery afflicting all, without distinction of party or sect; and having, as they calculated, their sole origin on the other side of the Atlantic. But it was a general breaking-up of old observances and time-worn prejudices; an awakening of mind to test theologies and principles by some higher standard than an appeal to long consecrated authority, which had much to be proposed that generation and the one succeeding, for the struggles which freed the New World from the arbitrary sway of the Old.

Nevertheless, much evil was mixed with the good. Whatever is through is applied to the deep strain of society, (the "cobweb," to borrow an expressive term,) is found out, and that will not bear the clear light of reason.—Fanaticism and illiberal orthodoxy are two of the scourges of freedom, whether in the domain of thought or of action. So it was in the colonies, at the spreading to individuality in matters of conscience. Failfaring, tractor, "special meeting," and sometimes unsatisfactory of all sorts, aroused, for a time, let loose among the people, and led the cautious and conservative often to doubt many of the good things which were attended by so much that was questionable.

The fathers of the New England church took a prominent part in this movement; the great intellect of Edwards, though it may be said to have adopted it, at a later date. But the seeds which fell from the hand of the sower fell under continent, and laid it by foreign hand.

Whatever may have been said by friends or foes, of the career or discretion of George Whitefield, both were in harmony with the forces as to ascribe to him one of the brightest intellects that ever dazzled human eyes. The man who could bring to his feet, and listen to the thousands, whose fame had resounded in both hemispheres.

The place of assembly was a semi-circular opening in the woods, furnished with rudely-constructed rails near for the accommodation of the hearers. In the edge of the grove stood a temporary platform, or rude pulpit, of rough timber of the logs of the forest, and near by stood a rude, seemingly unmindful of their neighborhood, a group of horses, which had been tethered to the branches. The assembly was already numerous, and constantly increasing. Men and women, old and young, were coming in, some riding two rag bottomed chairs, which had served as seats to his fame and her friend. The women, as a pair of ten-year old oxen contained to be stirred, with the heavy yoke upon their necks, and their heads bent down, as if in their own pleasure.

Under the pale golden luster of a quivering sun, the Davenport and Ruth Selwyn, the latter having her adopted child upon her knee. The former, stiff and upright in her twelve-year-old, high-sleeved gown of black satin, had already drawn her handkerchief from her pocket, and was using it. Ruth, who was collected by change of time or of circumstance, sat entranced by the scene and the excitement, with a great calico luncheon-bag in one hand, and a large bunch of evergreens in the other, or both were considerably nibbled. Little Nancy, in a shining blue linen frock of her mother's weaving, with the flush of exercise and excitement upon her cheeks, and those sparkling eyes of jet, was very beautiful in the shade, and gave holiday visit, and still held it in the half-closed hand, as she gazed about with the delight and curiosity of a child who for the first time mingles with a crowd.

Close before them towered the temporary pulpit, a structure of rough boards, built under the ordinary canopy of an old oak, formerly stricken by lightning, and left into the form of an arbor.

The sun had climbed far above the encircling trees; and the impatience of the assembly was making itself audible, when a murmur of welcome: He is here!" flitting from sip to lip, hushed the great throng into breathless stillness, and broke in fact of a grating cry, or the laugh of some heedless child, whose mother vainly strove to make it hush its noise.

A figure of a middle-aged black gown of serge, with the powdered wig, bands, and, especially, that quiet and dignified self-possession which has enabled a clerical nonentity, illustrated from a black like wagon and approached of the commonalty. Seated in close, and a glance that seemed at once to pierce to the innermost recesses of every heart before him, the grand orator passed through the crowd, mounted his pulpit, and with that grace and unconscious self-possession which has in a marked unlimited degree, stretched out his gloved hands over the sea of eyes intent upon his own.

Before he had opened his lips, the effects of his appearance and position were manifest. One and another bent eagerly forward; the more susceptible—women especially—flushed or paled with excitement, and many a one drew quicker breath, as though hurrying the spirit's advantage to an encounter with some unbridled power.

Ruth Selwyn sat unmoved, gazing with cold, unrelenting eyes on the man whose life to her was one of the blackest crimes, and who had dared to set himself above all the ministers of the Commonwealth. Poised in certain examination, she forgot her little companion, until a shiver, accompanied by something cold as ice, struck her shoulder, and the child's head fell upon her bosom.

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Soho, grasse, and occasional shrieks were the first interruption. Those like voice of the multitude, when it is moved, but as the impulse gathered, until it seemed to fill earth and sky with the wild, unbridled cadences.

At length, at the close of a period terribly impressive, and which, as it seemed to come up from the crowd, flung aloft her arms, and, with a shriek, still scream that drowned all other voices, fell prostrate on the turf. A tall, tawdry-dressed young lady immediately at her side, and with after-inspiring energy and resolute will to no purpose, commenced most energetically shaking her mistress's hands, warning of and exhortations to "be calm," and "not to give way to this unrestrained, would have crushed upon the unconscious form of the fallen. But Ruth had been the key-note to a general outbreak of wild, and the whole scene of sympathy or excitied crowd. Self-control deserted them to the winds. Screaming, singing, shouting, laughing, and weeping, they rushed up and down like the ocean in its angriest storm.

Ruth Selwyn, though still unmoved, stood for a few moments silent, with folded arms, waiting the result the first outburst should have expended itself. Powerful as he was, he knew little of the element with which he was so violently dealing, if he expected that it was to be of no more than to others, a source of surprise and mystery. Yet he knew he could say to the people, when they were in the mood for thought or of action. So it was in the colonies, at the spreading to individuality in matters of conscience. Failfaring, tractor, "special meeting," and sometimes unsatisfactory of all sorts, aroused, for a time, let loose among the people, and led the cautious and conservative often to doubt many of the good things which were attended by so much that was questionable.

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SATURDAY
EVENING POST.

PHILADELPHIA.

SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1855.

A DAILY PAPER.

TERMS, &c.

The terms of the Post are $2, if paid in advance—$3, if not paid in advance. For $5, in advance, one copy is sent three years. We continue the following low terms to Clubs, to be sent in the city to one address, and in the country to one Post Office:

4 Copies,	$5,00	Per Annum.
8 " (and one to the getter up of the Club,)	10,00	"
13 " (and one to the getter up of the Club,)	15,00	"
20 " (and one to the getter up of the Club,)	20,00	"

Persons residing in British North America must remit twenty-five cents in addition to the subscription price, as we have to prepay the United States postage.

ADDITIONS TO CLUBS.—Any person having sent the money and names for a Club, may add other names to it at the same rate, provided the latter will allow their subscriptions to end at the same time those of the main list do. We will willingly supply the back numbers if we have them. Our object is to have all the subscriptions in each Club end at the same time, and thus prevent confusion.

The Money for Clubs must always be sent in advance. When the sum is large, a draft should be procured, if possible—the cost of which may be deducted from the amount.

Post-Masters or others sending for Clubs, would confer a favor by having them sent to one address, when they can do so conveniently.

The papers to Clubs are invariably stopped at the expiration of the period for which they have subscribed.

A NEW ARRANGEMENT.—Our subscribers will take notice that we now have no collecting agents, out of this State. They will therefore please remit to us direct.

All persons addressing letters to us should be careful to give the name of the State, as well as of the town, in which they live. *All letters must be post-paid.*

Subscribers wishing their paper changed, will please give the name of the Post-Office to be changed *from*, as well as the Post-Office they wish it hereafter sent to.

We trust that such of our old friends the Post-Masters, as do not feel inclined to take advantage of our liberal offers themselves, will show our Prospectus to other influential and responsible persons who will be willing to raise clubs, &c.

PROSPECTUS.

We may state, for the benefit of strangers who chance to see this number of the Post, that it is now in its THIRTY-FOURTH year, and has between 80,000 and 90,000 subscribers.

Upon the list of its contributors are enrolled the names of MRS. SOUTHWORTH, GRACE GREENWOOD, MRS. DENISON, MARY IRVING, ELIZA L. SPROAT, ALICE CAREY, META VICTORIA FULLER, &c. *Mrs. Southworth and Grace Greenwood will write for no other weekly paper.*

Among the original productions already engaged for the present year, we may mention

THE OSSEMA SECRET, by Grace Greenwood,

THE MISER'S WILL, by Grace Greenwood,

NANCY SELWYN; OR, THE CLOUD WITH A SILVER LINING, by Mary Irving,

VIVIA, A STORY OF LIFE'S MYSTERY, by Mrs. Southworth, author of "The Lost Heiress," &c., &c., &c.

In addition, of course, to the above, we shall endeavor to keep up our usual variety of ENGRAVINGS, ORIGINAL SKETCHES and LETTERS, PICTURES OF LIFE in our own and foreign lands, CHOICE SELECTIONS from all sources, AGRICULTURAL ARTICLES, GENERAL NEWS, HUMOROUS ANECDOTES, VIEW OF THE PRODUCE and STOCK MARKETS, BANK NOTE LIST, EDITORIALS, &c., &c. Our object being to give a Complete Record, as far as our limits will admit, of the Great World. For terms, &c., see head of column.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A SUBSCRIBER. We are not able to give the proportions of a good cement for water cisterns and cellars—some of our subscribers may be able to. The price of a sewing machine, suitable for a family, of the kind advertised in the Post, is $115.

FREEDOM'S BIRTHDAY.

Before this paper reaches many of our readers, the anniversary of the Declaration of our National Independence will have come and gone. The day will be generally "observed," no doubt, in the usual ridiculous manner. Early in the morning the roar of cannon will waken up the sleepers, and begin a torture of sick bodies and nervous minds, which will not end until the midnight hour. The little boys will pop off crackers, and big boys pop off rusty pistols, muskets and guns. A large number of eyes and arms and legs will be blown out and off, and a considerable amount of valuable property destroyed. Hundreds and thousands of so-called patriotic speeches will be made, all gas and fustian, about our "glorious ancestors," the "star-spangled banner," the "land of the free and the home of the brave;" but scarcely one sensible, manly or really patriotic word will be spoken. The Declaration of Independence indeed will be read in thousands of places—but, beyond some little good from the enunciation of its impartial truths, the celebrations of the day will be a compound of the merest empty noise, and froth, and bubble.

Are we a nation of barbarians, or of children, to celebrate the anniversary of Freedom's Birthday in such an empty, frivolous manner? Not perhaps so bad as this—but the celebration is left to those who are most barbarous and childish among us. Our men of sense, instead of taking the lead, and giving tone and direction to the celebration, generally keep clear of all participation in it. They seem to feel quite outnumbered and outvoted by the silly and noisy—and, washing their hands of the whole business, take refuge in some such declaration as "that the people will be fools, and they cannot help it."

But it is not the *people* who are responsible for this silly noise and mummery. The masses of the people, the sober and sensible majority, despise the common mode of celebrating the Fourth, as much as the men of more culture and higher intellect. They would gladly join in celebrations, worthy of our fathers, worthy of ourselves, and worthy of the sacred cause of individual and national Freedom.

And what would be a fitting celebration? We answer, Abolish at once and forever those ridiculous poppings and crackings of fire-works and fire-arms, now persisted in, in opposition to the most positive laws. Then let the people meet in convenient places through the length and breadth of the land, and give audience to the ablest talent that can be found to address them upon the early history of our country, the great principles inaugurated in the Declaration of Independence, the measures necessary to be adopted to secure the still wider triumph of those great principles in our own and foreign lands, the nature and character of true freedom, and other kindred subjects. Let the procuring of an able man to deliver the Fourth of July Address, be one of the great matters of the year in every village and district in the nation. Let it be the post of honor—the reward of talent. Let it not be entrusted to men who write to editors in the cities, imploring them either to furnish some old oration from their libraries, or to write (for ready pay) a new one. Let a man who uses the phrase "star spangled banner" and "American Eagle" more than once in his address, be kicked at once from his platform. And thus let the ablest thinkers in the land be invoked, to say their wisest word upon one of the greatest subjects that can interest the citizens of a Republic.

And, moreover, and all important, let the anniversary of Freedom's Birthday be a day of FREE SPEECH. If the ablest thinkers are procured, full margin must be given them to say what they please, as they please. On that day, if on no other, let these Men of the Future have full liberty to shock the Prejudices of the Present. Let no man cry out against a speaker because of his attacking a popular belief—well founded though it may be—upon that day sacred to Freedom. In this manner, instead of the idlest and emptiest and foolishest day of the year, the Fourth of July would become the most sensible and profitable one—and one most eagerly looked forward to by all the sensible classes of society.

Of course, we would not discourage the aid of either parades or music as attendants and [illegible]

NATURE'S ARISTOCRACY.

[illegible]

TELEGRAPH WITHOUT WIRES.

[illegible]

PARISIAN ALL ROUND.

[illegible]

BLACKWOOD ON KINGSLEY.

[illegible]

CANADA AND HER RESOURCES.

[illegible]

New Publications.

[illegible]

Clippings.

[illegible]

General News.

A REMARKABLE PHENOMENON IN GEORGIA.

[illegible]

NEWS ITEMS.

[illegible]

SATURDAY
EVENING POST.

PHILADELPHIA:
SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1855.

General News.

FOREIGN NEWS.

By the steamship Baltic we have Liverpool advices to the 16th inst.

She brings upwards of 200 passengers, and among them Mons. Raynard, bearer of despatches from London.

The papers furnish the details of the French capture of the Mamelon and White Works, after a sanguinary conflict, in which 5,000 men were killed and wounded. The French took 62 guns and 500 prisoners, and their new position enables them to shell the shipping in the harbor of Sebastopol.

Simultaneously the English stormed and took the riflemen's works in the quarries, but lost five hundred in killed and wounded.

On the Tchernaya and in the Baltic we have no new movements.

Duke Constantine is appointed Regent of Russia, in the event of Alexander's decease.

The allied fleet in the Sea of Azoff have burned the stores at Taganrog, Mariopol and Gheitschi, and a land expedition is fitting out against Perekop.

The Russians are said to have obtained communication with the Crimea, independent of the road from Perekop, by constructing a bridge of boats across the Sevasche.

The Russians are reported to have evacuated Anapa.

There is nothing from Tchernaya or the Baltic.

Private letters from Kertsch give a fearful account of the sufferings of the Russian army, as well from wounds as sickness.

Gen. Lamalie, the younger, has died of cholera at Balaklava.

The British ship Shamrock has foundered at sea, with a cargo of copper valued at $200,000. The captain and crew escaped.

Strachan, Paul & Co., London bankers, and [illegible]

The Emperor's Aid-de-Camp, Prince Lazaref Rostovsky, [illegible] the city, with the view of extinguishing the fire, and he had hopes to save a portion of the port, which had been given up as lost. On the 30th, the enemy's steamers approached one of the landing places near Aleksi, and set fire to the [illegible]. A merchant vessel and several coasting vessels were burnt by them. General Wrangel's detachment remains in the same position. The enemy has not undertaken anything in the peninsula of Kertsch. The French, it is said, lost three Colonels and a General in the assault of the Mamelon and Careenage Redoubts. The General lamented is M. Pouquez de Layrande.

Heights of the Tchernaya.—The French lines are now so far advanced that the allied cavalry water their horses in the Tchernaya without molestation. The Russians do not show in force. They have constructed two batteries, one towards the bridge, and the other on one of the spurs running out from the ridge of Inkermann. On the allied side a work has been constructed for the defence of the bridge. Access to the river certainly secures water, but the position is described, in correspondence from the camp, as "more advantageous in a moral than a strategical point of view."

The Russians are stated (but doubtful) to have evacuated the whole of their Circassian territory.

The Russians are about to build a railroad through the Isthmus of Perekop.

Miss Nightingale is on her way to England on board the Cunard steamer Jura. She is convalescent from her attack of fever, but is recommended to recruit her strength at home for a season.

We have interesting news of the Empress of France.

Mr. Fillmore is quite a lion at the English court.

Admiral Boxer is dead. He is succeeded by Admiral Fremantle.

The Viceroy of Egypt is enrolling a force of 5,000 blacks in the Soudan.

SEBASTOPOL AND THE CRIMEA.

From the London Times, June 14.

It seems impossible that Sebastopol can hold out much longer. The official despatches from Kertsch, state that recently large convoys of grain and flour have been regularly despatched thence to Sebastopol. Our readers cannot have forgotten the graphic description given in a recent letter of our special correspondent in the camp above Sebastopol, of the [illegible]

[illegible]

NEWS ITEMS.

[illegible]

POLITICAL NEWS.

[illegible]

THE STOCK MARKET.

[illegible]

NEW YORK MARKETS, JUNE 30.

[illegible]

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

[illegible]

CATTLE MARKETS.

[illegible]

ALMANAC.

[illegible]

Marriages.

[illegible]

Deaths.

[illegible]

Bank Note List.

CORRECTED FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST BY WITHERS & PETERSON, BANKERS, No. 41 and 43 S. Third St.

[illegible]

HAYDOCK & FIDLER'S
WATCH AND JEWELRY EMPORIUM,
No. 12 South Second Street, Philadelphia.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware, Silver-Plated and Britannia Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, &c., &c., &c.

Repairing of Watches and Jewelry attended to with promptness and the greatest care.

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Of F. HAGAN & Co., Nashville, Tenn.
Of S. W. PEASE & Co., 28 West 4th St. Cincinnati.

Subscriptions will be received at either of the above Periodical Depots. But the proprietors of the Post hold themselves responsible only for money remitted directly by themselves, or through their authorized travelling agents.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Twenty-five cents a line for the first insertion.
Twenty cents a line for each subsequent insertion.
Double column Advertisements, a price and a half.
Payment is required in advance.

CIRCULATION BETWEEN EIGHTY AND NINETY THOUSAND.

Persons purchasing articles advertised in our columns, will confer a favor by mentioning that they saw the advertisement in the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

HEATH HOUSE,
SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN MINERAL SPRINGS,
NEW JERSEY.

FRANCIS RIDER respectfully informs the public that the above house is now open for the season.

[illegible]

BOOK AGENTS

NOTICE THE ADVERTISEMENT in another column, headed "Young Men and Ladies, too."

TEACHERS.—Send and get a descriptive Catalogue of the GRADUAL SERIES OF SCHOOL TEXT BOOKS, published by DANIEL BURGESS & Co., No. 60 John Street, New York. Copies sent by mail, postage paid, to any address.

TEACHERS.—Here is a Book you all want. TOWER'S INTELLECTUAL ALGEBRA. [illegible] DANIEL BURGESS & Co., Publishers, New York.

WM. HENRY MOORE, GENERAL FURNISHING UNDERTAKER, [illegible]

THE CHEAPEST WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVER-WARE

Will be found at JACOB LADOMUS, [illegible] Market Street. [illegible] Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, &c., Repaired in the best style.

THE MORE TEACHERS USE IT THE BETTER THEY LIKE IT. To every Teacher and every School Committee we would say, examine TOWER'S ELEMENTS OF GRAMMAR, [illegible] DANIEL BURGESS & Co., Publishers, No. 60 John St., New York.

OPTICAL, MATHEMATICAL AND PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS, [illegible] JAMES W. QUEEN, [illegible]

[illegible]

YOUNG MEN AND LADIES, TOO,

[illegible]

"BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE."

[illegible]

DISEASES
OF A PULMONARY CHARACTER PREVENTED, [illegible]

[illegible]

RHODES'S FEVER AND AGUE CURE.

[illegible]

EVIDENCE OF SAFETY.

[illegible]

EVIDENCE OF MERIT.

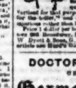
[illegible] C. R. McGINLY."

CAUTION TO AGUE SUFFERERS.

Take no more Arsenic, Tonics, Mercury, Quinine, Febrifuges, Strychnine, or Anti-Periodics of any kind. [illegible]

RHODES' FEVER AND AGUE CURE.

T. W. Dyott & Sons, Philada., general agents, and for sale by dealers throughout the United States.



[illegible]

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
German Bitters,

PREPARED BY
DR. C. M. JACKSON, Philada., Pa.,
WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE,
Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

[illegible]

READ THE TESTIMONY.

[illegible]

RALPH LUTZ.

They are entirely vegetable, [illegible]

FIRST PREMIUM
SEWING MACHINES!
GROVER, BAKER & CO.'S
PATENT.
OFFICES

SOUTH 4th ST., NEAR CHESNUT, PHILADA.

These Machines are now very justly considered to be the best in the market, having the advantage of all others in the simplicity of their construction, the speed and beauty of their work, and the great strength of their seam. [illegible]

A First Class Premium.

LET THIS BE YOUR GUIDE!
LIST OF PRICES
OF
$200,000
WORTH OF
SPLENDID ENGLISH CARPETS
AT
HIRAM ANDERSON'S,
No. 99 BOWERY, NEW YORK.
TEN SPACIOUS SALES ROOMS, VIZ:

ENGLISH MEDALLION BORDERED CARPETS.
ENGLISH VELVET CARPETS, [illegible] per yard.
ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, [illegible] per yd.
ENGLISH THREE-PLY CARPETS, [illegible] per yard.
ENGLISH INGRAIN CARPETS, [illegible] per yard.
[illegible] YARDS AMERICAN ING. CARPETS, [illegible] per yard.
[illegible] YARDS FLOOR OIL CLOTH, [illegible] per yard.

Selected Poetry.

THE RIGHT MUST WIN.

[illegible]

Selected Articles.

TEA AND ITS ADULTERATIONS.

There is no such thing as pure green tea to [illegible]

THE CHIEF OF THE POLICE.

[illegible]

FASHIONS FOR JUNE.

[illegible]

City Scenes.

APPROPRIATE.

FIRST CITIZEN.—"I say, Bill—I wonder what he calls hisself?"

SECOND DITTO.—"Blowed if I know!—but I calls him a Bloated Haristocrat."

Wit and Humor.

THE AGE OF IMPROVEMENT.—A young provincial, just arrived in Paris, to see the exhibition, amuse himself, and make friends with a rich uncle, called on a friend who lived in the city. After telling his plans, the friend said to him:

"But you never intend to do all this in that costume?"

[illegible]

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.—If politics bring out much of the unamiable, the bitter and malevolent of the human character, it occasionally illuminates with its wit, and charms with its good nature. The following is too good to be lost. Governor Brown, one of the United States Senators from Mississippi, has lately written a letter on the Know Nothings. We have not seen it, and cannot speak of its merits. The Concordia Intelligencer gives the following specimen of waggery, which it has provoked among the sovereigns:

[illegible]

SUNDAY IN THE CAMP.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

"RIPE OLD AGE."

[illegible]

For Housekeepers.

[illegible]

A WOMAN'S ANSWER.

[illegible]

Agricultural.

[illegible]

The Riddler.

GEOGRAPHICAL ENIGMA.

[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS ENIGMA.

[illegible]

ENIGMA.

[illegible]

CHARADE.

[illegible]

ANAGRAM.

[illegible]

PROBLEM.

[illegible]

CONUNDRUMS.

[illegible]

ANSWERS TO RIDDLES IN LAST.

[illegible]

The Olio.

A FRIEND.

[illegible]

THE

DEVOTED TO

VOLUME XXX

Choice Poetry.

"WATCH, MOTHER."

[illegible]

Original Novel.

NANCY SELWYN

The Cloud with a Silver [illegible]

A STORY OF A HUNDRED YEARS [illegible]

BY MARY IRVING.

CHAPTER V.

[illegible]